STR/SOR OUTCOMES SNAPSHOT
Demonstrating Outcomes for a Healthier Future

Background and Overview

The Opioid Response Network (ORN) is a group of diverse individuals and organizations working collaboratively to address the opioid and stimulant crisis. Funded by SAMHSA’s SOR Technical Assistance (TA) grant, the ORN works with states, health professionals, community organizations, the justice system, and individuals in all 50 states and nine territories to provide education and training. This snapshot captures national data on three common state outcomes: naloxone kits distributed; overdose reversals reported; and individuals who received medication for opioid use disorder (MOUD). It also provides two examples of state-specific outcomes. The snapshot was developed as a form of TA so states can share strategies and learn from one another, as well as seek ORN TA when needed.

### Nationwide Estimates*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimate</th>
<th>States Reporting</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.1 million naloxone kits distributed</td>
<td>(46 states)</td>
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<tr>
<td>167,982 overdose reversals reported</td>
<td>(25 states)</td>
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<tr>
<td>294,978 individuals received medication for opioid use disorder (MOUD)</td>
<td>(38 states)</td>
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*Estimates were developed with data voluntarily reported by states. These estimates include data reported from 2017 to 2021. Some states did not report data for all years.

### Example of State Programmatic Outcomes: California Department of Health Care Services

California has substantially increased access to treatment and other services for opioid and stimulant use disorder with STR/SOR funding.

As of June 2021, more than 40,000 individuals have received treatment through the state’s Hub and Spoke System (otherwise known as the Medication Assisted Treatment [MAT] Expansion Project), with significant expansions in treatment availability in the northern and central parts of the state, where individuals and communities have been most impacted by the opioid crisis.

Through STR/SOR investments, over 48,000 individuals have been connected to substance use navigators in emergency departments to reduce obstacles and facilitate access to treatment; 24,191 individuals have been identified with opioid use disorder (OUD); and 10,471 individuals have received MOUD during their encounter.

Additionally, as of March 2021, over 10,745 individuals have been treated with MOUD in county jails. This number is quickly growing.

The state has distributed more than 600,000 units of naloxone to law enforcement, first responders, harm reduction organizations, community organizations, county behavioral health agencies, schools, and homeless service programs. More than 37,000 overdose reversals have been reported.

To learn more about the 30 projects in the California MAT Expansion Project, visit [http://www.californiamat.org](http://www.californiamat.org).

### Outcomes Across the Continuum of Care: Maryland Department of Health Behavioral Health Administration

#### Prevention
- Public awareness campaigns have made 392,719,634 impressions on the public, increasing knowledge of the opioid crisis and where to get help.
- 114,965 individuals have been trained to provide evidence-based prevention programs.
- In hospital emergency departments, 298,579 individuals were screened for OUD, and 2,981 were referred to treatment.

#### Treatment
- 11,317 individuals received substance use treatment.
- Seven counties have established crisis stabilization centers, serving 4,731 individuals to date.
- 6,205 individuals have received MOUD. Of those individuals, 3,227 were referred to MOUD through Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT).

#### Recovery
- 19,191 individuals who are at high risk of an overdose or are high utilizers of the emergency department have received intensive care coordination and recovery support services.
- 50,774 individuals have received critical peer recovery services.

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